Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)		2



#### **GCE AS**





B500U10-1

### **TUESDAY, 16 MAY 2023 - AFTERNOON**

### **COMPUTER SCIENCE – AS component 1**

### **Fundamentals of Computer Science**

2 hours

	For Examiner's use only			
	Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded	
	1.	6		
	2.	6		
	3.	4		
	4.	3		
	5.	8		
	6. 7.	7		
		9		
	8.	9		
	9.	8		
	10.	8		
	11.	11		
	12.	5		
	13.	6		
	14.	10		
	Total	100		

#### **ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

A calculator.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. If you run out of space, use the additional page(s) at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

#### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded of the need for good English and orderly, clear presentation in your answers.

The total number of marks available is 100.



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#### Answer all questions.

1. Complete the following table giving **three** different data types and their storage requirements.

The first row has been completed for you.

[6]

Data Type	Storage Requirements (in bits)
Unsigned Long Integer	32



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	calculation.	
	$Y = (6 \times 5) + (3 \times 4) + (5 \times 9) + (2 \times 7)$	
		•••
		• • •
		• • • •
(b)	State, giving an example, why this calculation cannot be processed in fewer steps.	•••
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Explain data fragmentation and why the functional characteristics of a solid state drive (SSD) mean that its performance is not affected by fragmented data. [4]



4.	The following data is stored in a 4-bit register:	¬E;
	1 1 0 0	
	Demonstrate how the state of the second least significant bit can be discovered using a logical operation. [3]	



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	Many high-level languages provide programmers with a suite of standard functions.  Explain, giving an example, the possible benefits of standard functions.	[4]
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		•••••
(b)	Other than using a high-level language to write applications, a programmer might use an assembly language.	
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	an assembly language.	[4]
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In a c two's	ertain computer system, real numbers are stored in normalised floating-point form ucomplementation, a 10-bit mantissa and a 4-bit exponent.	Ü
(a)	Determine the closest possible denary representation of 8.6 <sub>10</sub> using this system.	[4]
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		
(b)	Calculate the absolute and relative error that has occurred in <b>7</b> (a).	
(b)	Calculate the absolute and relative error that has occurred in <b>7</b> (a).  State how this floating-point system could be modified to allow a more accurate representation of 8.6 <sub>10</sub> .	[5]
(b)	State how this floating-point system could be modified to allow a more accurate	[5]
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**8.** A sequential file is used to store a record that includes a student's ID and their total mark in a class test.

The following algorithm adds a new record to the file gradesFile.

```
Start Procedure AddRecord
1
   studentID is integer
   studentTotal is integer
  newID is integer
5
   newTotal is integer
   inserted is Boolean
6
7
  open gradesFile for input
                                    {opens the grades file with the
8
                                    original records}
   open tempFile for output
                                    {opens a temporary file to eventually contain
                                    the original records and the new record}
10 output "Enter ID and studentTotal for the new Student:"
11 input newID
12 input newTotal
13 set inserted = FALSE
14
15 while (NOT EOF(gradesFile)) AND (inserted = FALSE) {EOF - End of File}
16
17
      read gradesFile, studentID, studentTotal
18
19
       if newID < studentID then
2.0
          write tempFile, newID, newTotal
          set inserted = TRUE
21
22
       end if
23
      write tempFile, studentID, studentTotal
24
25
26 end while
2.7
28 if inserted = FALSE then
29
      write tempFile, newID, newTotal
30 end if
31
32 while NOT EOF(gradesFile)
33
       read gradesFile, studentID, studentTotal
34
       write tempFile, studentID, studentTotal
35 end while
36
37 close gradesFile, tempFile
38 copy tempFile onto gradesFile {replaces the original gradesFile with the
                                    updated tempFile}
39 End Procedure
```



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(a)	Complete the algorithm, using pseudocode, which allows a user to input a student's ID to be deleted and then removes that record from the file gradesFile. [7]
	Start Procedure DeleteRecord studentID is integer studentTotal is integer deleteID is integer deleted is Boolean
	open gradesFile for input open tempFile for output
•••••	
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•••••					 	 
•••••					 	 
(b)	Describe the	e need for a	rchiving cert	ain files.		[2]



9.	Describe the role of the operating system. [8]	Examine only



•	Describe <b>two</b> applications that use different modes of operation. [8
	APPLICATION 1
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Examiner only

**11.** The following algorithm is intended to sort integers stored in myArray into descending order.

```
Start Procedure Sort
2
   declare myArray (0 to 6) as integer
3
   n is integer
4
   temp is integer
   swapped is boolean
6
   set n = 7
7
8
9
   repeat
10
       set swapped = FALSE
11
       for i = 0 to (n - 1)
12
          if myArray[i] > myArray[i + 1] then
13
              temp = myArray[i + 1]
              myArray[i + 1] = myArray[i]
myArray[i] = temp
14
15
16
              swapped = TRUE
17
          end if
18
      next i
19 until (swapped = FALSE)
20
21 End Procedure
```

(a)	The algorithm does not work as intended. Identify the error and suggest a suitable change to the algorithm.	[2]
••••		



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(b)	Identify and describe the purpose of <b>two</b> different types of repetition used in this algorithm.	[4]
	Repetition Type 1	
	Lines:to	
	Repetition Type 2	
	Lines:to	
(c)	Identify and describe the use of selection in this algorithm.	[2]
	Lines:to	
(d)	State an alternative type of sorting algorithm and describe the characteristics of your	
	chosen type of sort.	[3]
		······································
		••••••



12.	Very large and expensive computer systems and software are used in animation and computer-generated graphics, which allow a user to manipulate and generate objects.	Exam
	Describe what can be achieved by such packages in relation to 2D and 3D images and modelling.	[5]



3.	Describe contemporary processes that protect the security and integrity of data.	6]



1	The computer system in a large manufacturing company has grown over the last twenty years. New features have been added and old features of the system updated. The result is a system that has many faults and incompatibilities. The management of the company believe that replacing this old system may help improve their company's productivity.
	The company has employed an analyst to carry out a feasibility study on the possible replacement of the old system.
	Describe the purpose of a feasibility study and give examples of the considerations that an analyst would make. [10]



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